

Open Text Corporation
(the “Company”)

BOARD MANDATE

As approved by the Board of Directors on April 26, 2016

1) PURPOSE

The primary function of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company is to supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Company. The Board, directly and through its committees and its Chair (and, if applicable, its Lead Director), shall provide direction to senior management, generally through the Chief Executive Officer, to pursue the best interests of the Company.

The Board shall have the functions and responsibilities set out below. In addition to these functions and responsibilities, the Board shall perform such duties as may be required by applicable law and any binding requirements of any exchange upon which securities of the Company are traded, or any governmental or regulatory body exercising authority over the Company, as are in effect from time to time. While the Board maintains oversight of the Company’s operations, it delegates to the Chief Executive Officer and senior management of the Company the responsibility for day-to-day management of the Company. The Board discharges its oversight responsibilities both directly and through its committees.

2) COMPOSITION

Matters concerning the membership and organization of the Board (including: the number; qualifications and remuneration of directors; residency requirements; quorum requirements; and appointment of a Chair) are as established by the Company’s governing statute and the by-laws and resolutions of the Company.

Each director must have an understanding of the Company’s business, operations and financial objectives, plans and strategies and financial position and performance. Directors must have sufficient time to carry out their duties and not assume roles that would materially interfere with such director’s obligations to the Company. Each director is expected to promptly advise the Chair once he or she has determined to accept any invitation to serve on another corporate board or with any governmental advisory or not-for-profit/charitable organization and, at the request of the Chair, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee shall evaluate the continued appropriateness of Board membership under the new circumstances and, if necessary, make a recommendation to the Board as to any action to be taken with respect to continued Board membership.

At least a majority of members of the Board shall qualify as independent directors in accordance with applicable provisions of National Instrument 58-101 – *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices*, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules promulgated thereunder, the applicable rules of any exchange upon which securities of the Company are traded, or any other governmental or regulatory body exercising power or authority over the Company. For a director to qualify as independent, the Board must affirmatively determine that the director has no relationship with the Company that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. If at any time less than a majority of directors is independent, the Board shall consider possible steps and processes to facilitate its exercise of independent judgment in carrying out its responsibilities.

If at any time the Chair of the Board is not independent, the Board shall appoint an independent director as a Lead Director and consider other possible steps and processes to ensure that independent leadership is

provided for the Board. The responsibilities and duties of the Lead Director shall be set out in a position description and shall be reviewed annually with the assistance of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee.

At least annually, the Board, with the assistance of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, shall assess the current composition, organization and effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the committees of the Board in light of applicable requirements, including considering the appropriate size of the Board and its committees, and the effectiveness of individual board and committee members.

3) RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

The Board shall have the functions and responsibilities set out below and may delegate any such responsibilities to a Committee of the Board. In addition to these functions and responsibilities, the Board shall perform such duties as may be required by the requirements of any stock exchanges on which the Company's securities are listed and all other applicable laws.

- (a) **Ethics and Integrity** – On an annual basis, the Board shall: (i) review the recommendations of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee regarding the adequacy of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and compliance with, and any waivers or violations of, the Code by employees, directors or officers; (ii) satisfy itself as to the integrity of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers; and (iii) satisfy itself that the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers create a culture of integrity throughout the organization.
- (b) **Strategic Planning** – At least annually, the Board shall review and, if advisable, approve the Company's strategic planning process and short- and long-term strategic and business plans prepared by management. In discharging this responsibility, the Board shall review the plan in light of management's assessment of emerging trends, the competitive environment, capital markets, risk issues, and significant business practices and products. At least annually, the Board shall review management's implementation of the Company's strategic and business plans. The Board shall review and, if advisable, approve any material amendments to, or variances from, these plans.
- (c) **CEO Position Description** – The Board shall develop and approve a position description for the Company's Chief Executive Officer that includes the roles and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer, including corporate goals and objectives that the Chief Executive Officer has responsibility for meeting, and the basis upon which the Chief Executive Officer is to interact with and report to the Board. At least annually, with the assistance of the Compensation Committee, the Board shall review this position description and such goals and objectives.
- (d) **Risk Management** – The Board is responsible for overseeing management's implementation and operation of enterprise risk management. At least annually, the Board shall review reports provided by management on the risks inherent in the business of the Company (including, appropriate crisis preparedness, business continuity, cybersecurity and disaster recovery plans), the appropriate degree of risk mitigation and risk control, and the effectiveness of the Company's risk management policies.
- (e) **Human Resources** – At least annually, the Board shall review, with the assistance of the Compensation Committee, the Company's approach to human resource management and executive compensation.
- (f) **Succession Planning** – At least annually, the Board shall review, with the assistance of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee and the Compensation Committee, appointment and succession plans for the Chair of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and senior management of the Company.

- (g) **Corporate Governance** – At least annually, the Board shall, with the assistance of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee: (i) review the Company’s approach to corporate governance; and (ii) evaluate the Board’s ability to act independently from management in fulfilling its duties.
- (h) **Financial Information** – The Board shall, with the assistance of the Audit Committee, review (i) at least annually in connection with the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K, reports provided by management on the Company’s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), including whether such internal control is effective, and any material weaknesses in such internal control, and (ii) at least quarterly in connection with the Company’s Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and change in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. The Board shall decide all matters relating to earnings guidance.
- (i) **Controls and Procedures** – At least quarterly in connection with the Company’s Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, the Board shall, with the assistance of the Audit Committee, review reports provided by management on the effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the last completed fiscal year.
- (j) **Communications** – The Board shall periodically review the Company’s overall communications strategy, including measures for receiving and addressing feedback from the Company’s shareholders.
- (k) **Shareholders** – The Company endeavours to keep its shareholders informed of its progress through an annual report, Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and periodic press releases.
- (l) **Disclosure** – At least annually, the Board shall review management’s compliance with the Company’s Disclosure Policy. The Board shall, if advisable, approve material changes to the Company’s Disclosure Policy.
- (m) **Director Development and Evaluation** – At least annually, the Board shall, with the assistance of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, review the adequacy of the orientation and continuing education program for members of the Board. The Chair shall review with each new member: (i) certain information and materials regarding the Company, including the role of the Board and its Committees; and (ii) the legal obligations of a director of the Company. Directors shall be allocated a continuing education budget so that they may increase their knowledge and skills.

4) COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

- (a) **Committees Established** – The Board has established an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee and a Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee. The Board may establish other Board committees or, subject to applicable law, merge or dispose of existing Board committees.
- (b) **Committee Charters** – The Board has approved charters for the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee. Each charter shall be reviewed periodically and at least annually, and based on recommendations of the relevant committee and the Chair of the Board, be approved by the Board together with such updates as are considered appropriate.

- (c) **Position Descriptions for Committee Chairs** – The Board shall approve and review annually position descriptions for the Chair of each of the Committees. Generally, each Chair of a committee shall be responsible for developing and implementing the annual work plan of the committee and for communicating with management, the Board and independent advisors, where required, as well as for overseeing the process, duties and responsibilities, reporting and any other functions set out in the committee’s charter.
- (d) **Delegation to Committees** – The Board has delegated for approval or review the matters set out in each Board committee's charter and may further delegate matters to such committees from time to time. As required, the Board shall consider for approval the specific matters delegated for review to Board committees.
- (e) **Committee Reporting to Board** – To facilitate communication between the Board and its committees, each committee Chair shall provide a report to the Board on material matters considered by the committee at the next Board meeting after each meeting of the committee.
- (f) **Review of Committees** – The Board shall annually evaluate the performance, and review the work, of its committees.

5) MEETINGS

- (a) **General** — The rules and regulations relating to the calling and holding of and proceedings at meetings of the Board shall be those established by the Company’s governing statute and the by-laws and resolutions of the Company.
- (b) **Secretary and Minutes** — The Corporate Secretary, his or her designate or any other person the Board requests, shall act as secretary of Board meetings. Minutes of Board meetings shall be recorded and maintained by the Corporate Secretary and subsequently presented to the Board for approval.
- (c) **Meetings of Independent Directors** — The Board shall hold scheduled meetings, or portions of regularly scheduled meetings, of the independent directors at which members of management are not present at each meeting of the Board and from time to time as otherwise necessary.

6) DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

In order to facilitate the Board fulfilling its role, each director is expected to:

- (a) **Ethics and Conflicts of Interest** — Comply with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and business conduct that governs the behavior of members, directors and officers, including advising the Board of any conflicts, or potential conflicts, of interest in accordance with the Company’s Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.
- (b) **Attendance and Preparedness** — Attend and actively participate in regularly scheduled meetings of the Board and of the shareholders and to have prepared for the meetings by, at a minimum, reviewing in advance of the meeting the materials delivered in connection with the meeting. The attendance record of individual directors at meetings of the Board will be disclosed in the Company’s proxy circular as required by applicable law.
- (c) **Best Practices** — Strive to perform his or her duties, including complying with his or her fiduciary duties, in keeping with corporate governance practices adopted by the Company and the policies of the Company.

7) ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND PERSONNEL

In its discharge of the foregoing duties and responsibilities, the Board shall have free and unrestricted access at all times, either directly or through its duly appointed representatives, to officers and employees of the Company and to the relevant books, records and systems of the Company as considered appropriate.

8) INDEPENDENT ADVICE

The Board may seek, retain and terminate accounting, legal, consulting or other expert advice from a source independent of management, at the expense of the Company, as it may from time to time deem necessary or advisable for its purposes.

9) BOARD REVIEW OF MANDATE

At least annually, the Board shall, with the assistance of the Corporate Secretary, the Lead Director and the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, review and assess the adequacy of this Mandate and, as necessary, revise the Mandate.

In accordance with NI 58-101, the text of this mandate shall be included in the Company's management proxy circular for each annual meeting of the Company's shareholders.

This Mandate is intended as a component of the flexible governance framework within which the Board of Directors, assisted by its committees, directs the affairs of the Company. While it should be interpreted in the context of all applicable laws, regulations and listing requirements, as well as in the context of the Company's Articles and By-Laws, it is not intended to establish any legally binding obligations.